

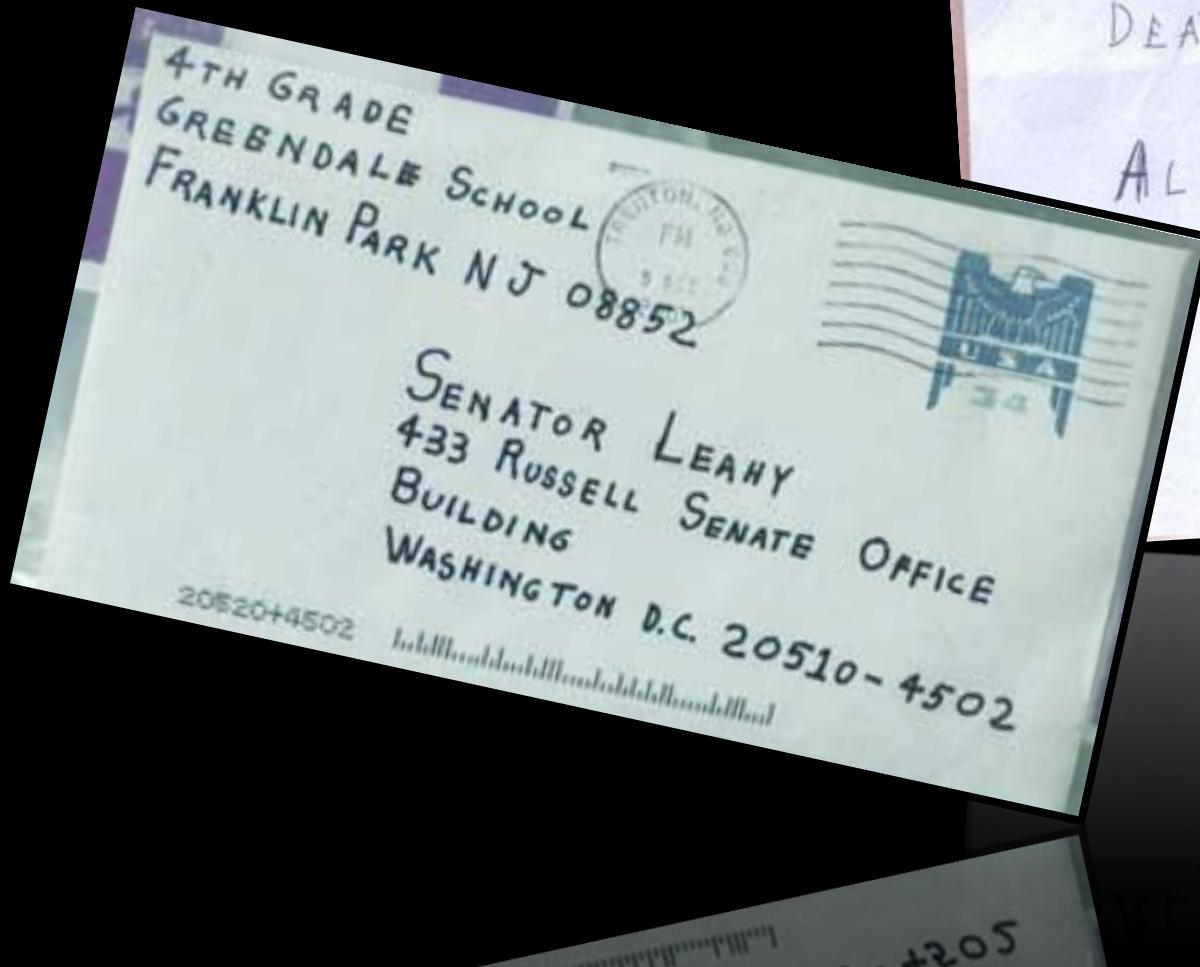
Genomics and a New Age in Global Disease Tracking

Paul Keim, PhD

Northern Arizona University

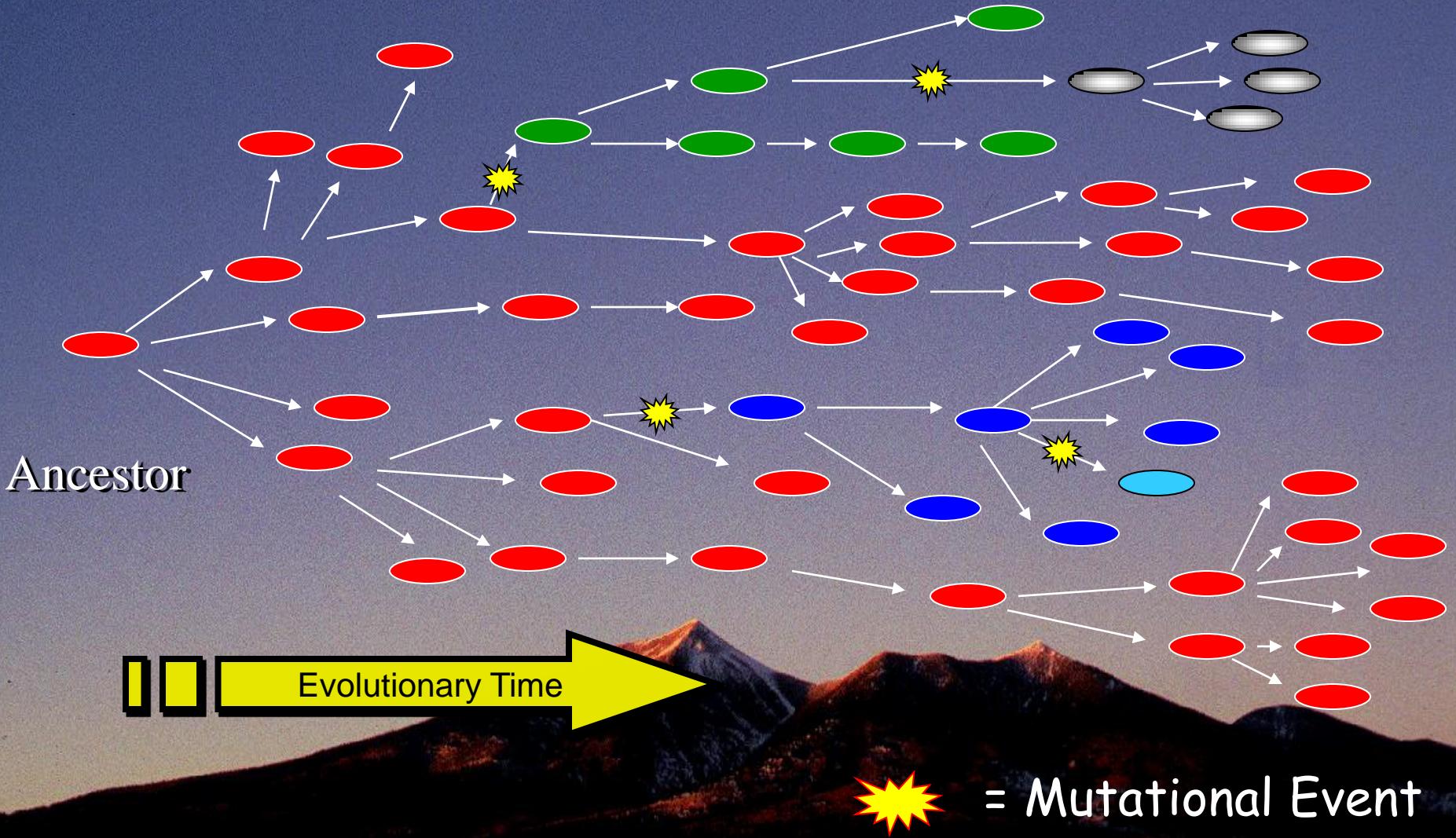
The Translational Genomics Research Institute

Anthrax Letter Attacks October 2001



THIS IS NEXT
TAKE PENACILIN NOW
DEATH TO AMERICA
DEATH TO ISRAEL
ALLAH IS GREAT

Diversity Generation in an Idealized Clonally Propagating Pathogen





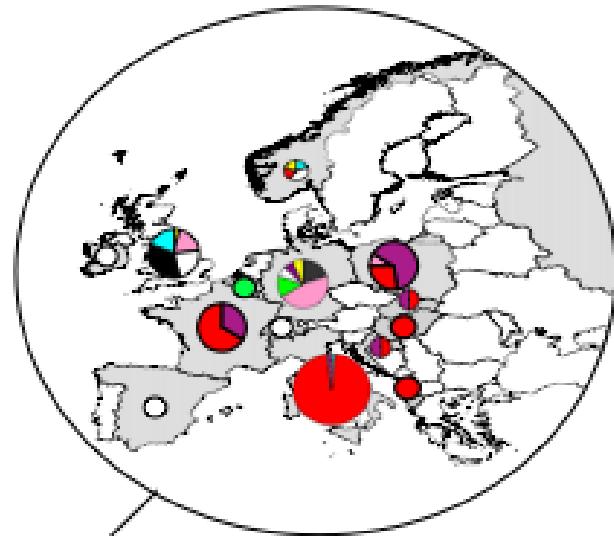
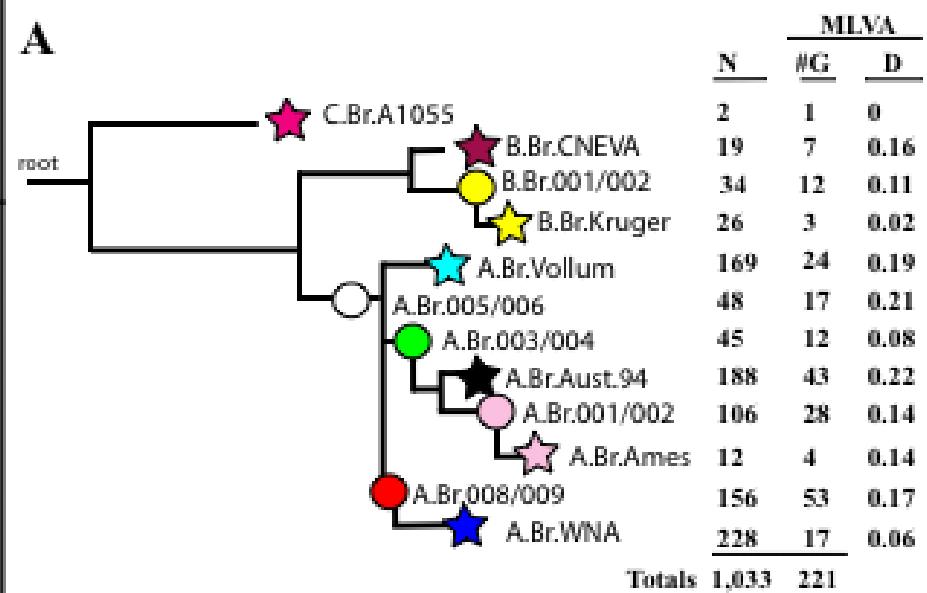
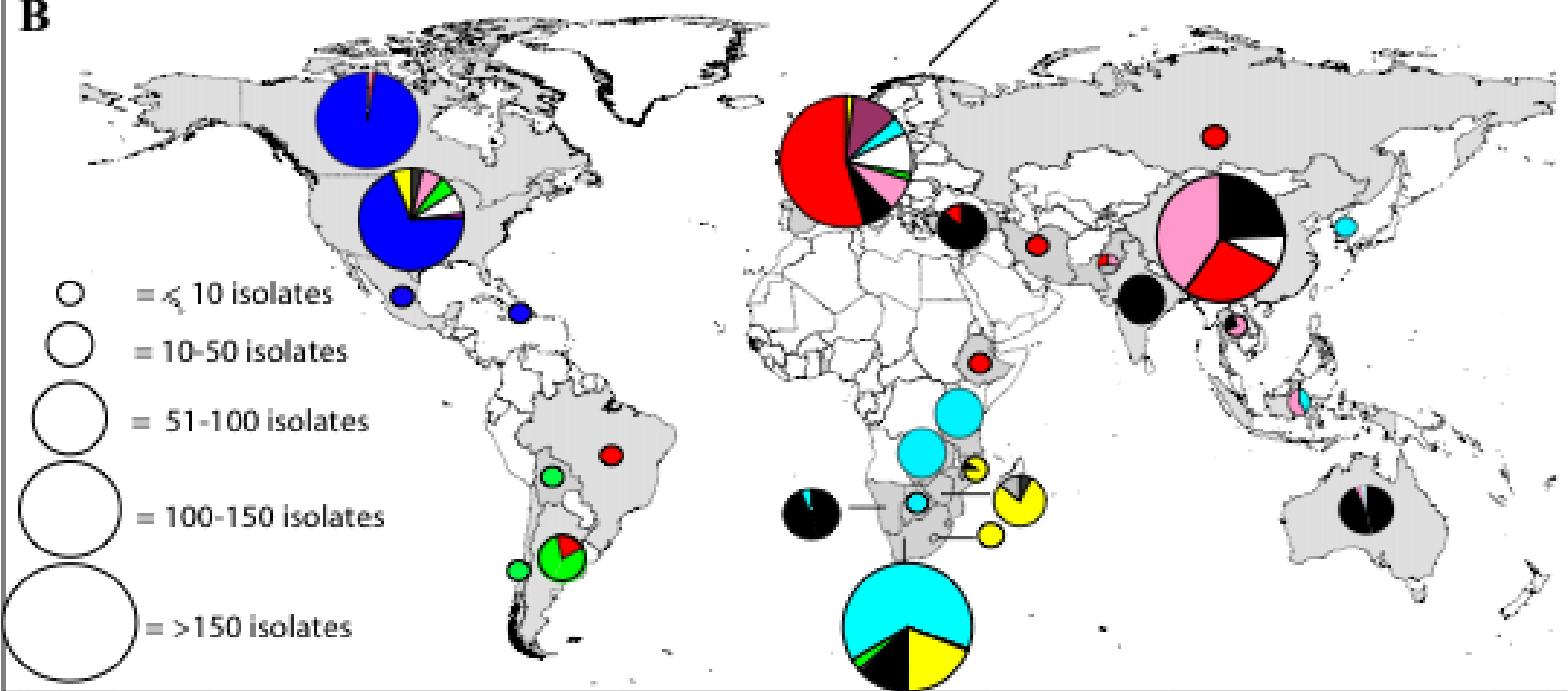
A Genome is a Big Place!

Evolutionary Scale & Subtyping



Anthrax Evolution and Ecology

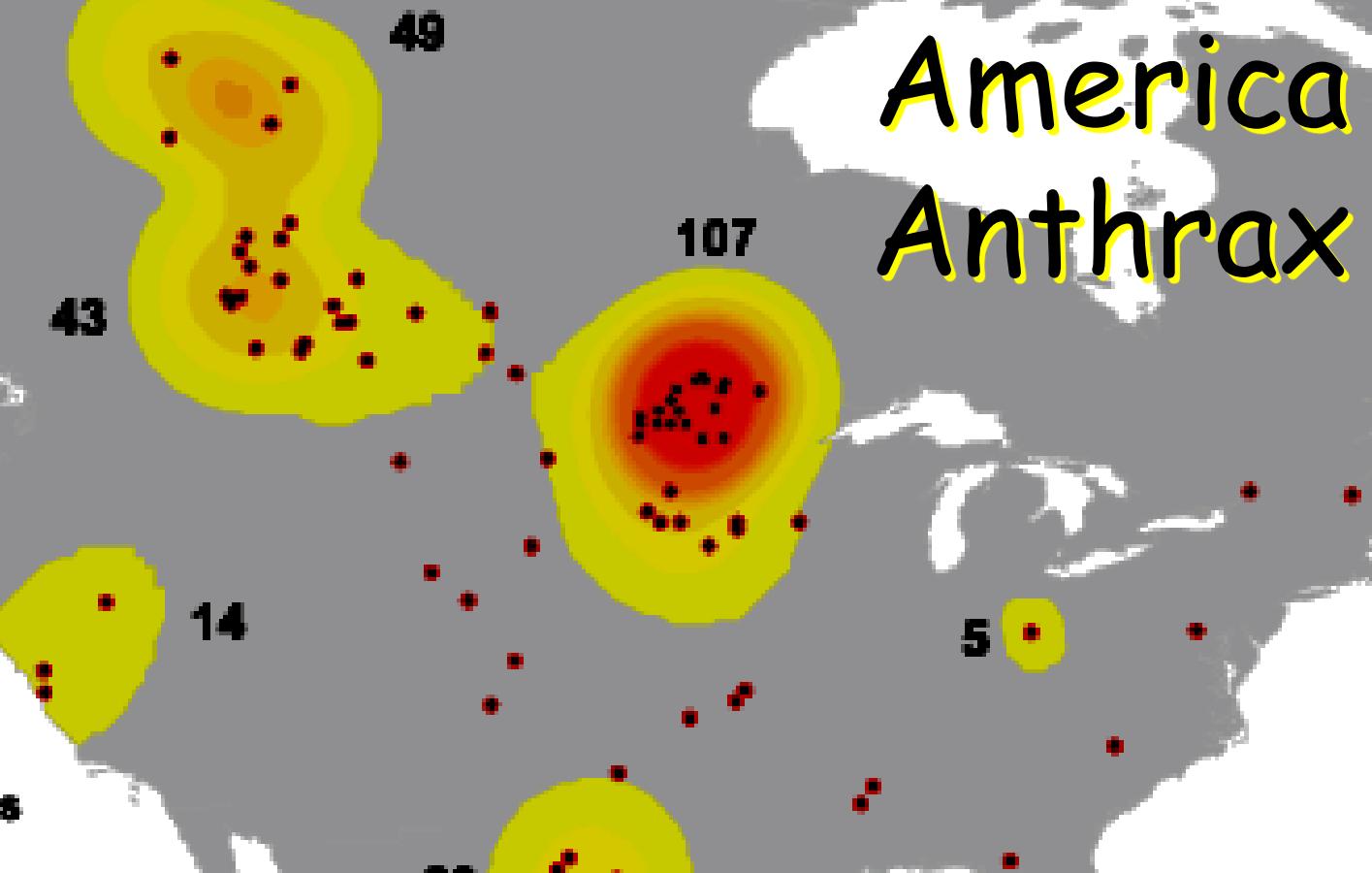


A**B**

North America Anthrax

• Isolate locations

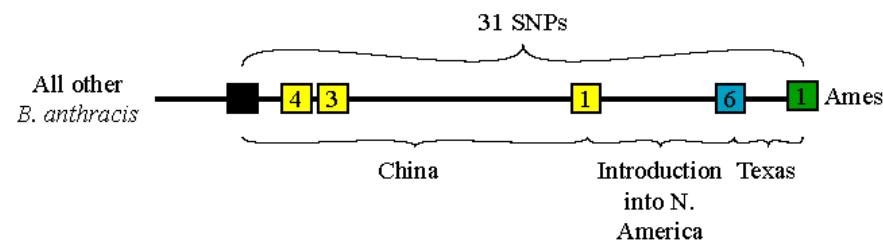
5
50
95
Kernel density probability contours (%)



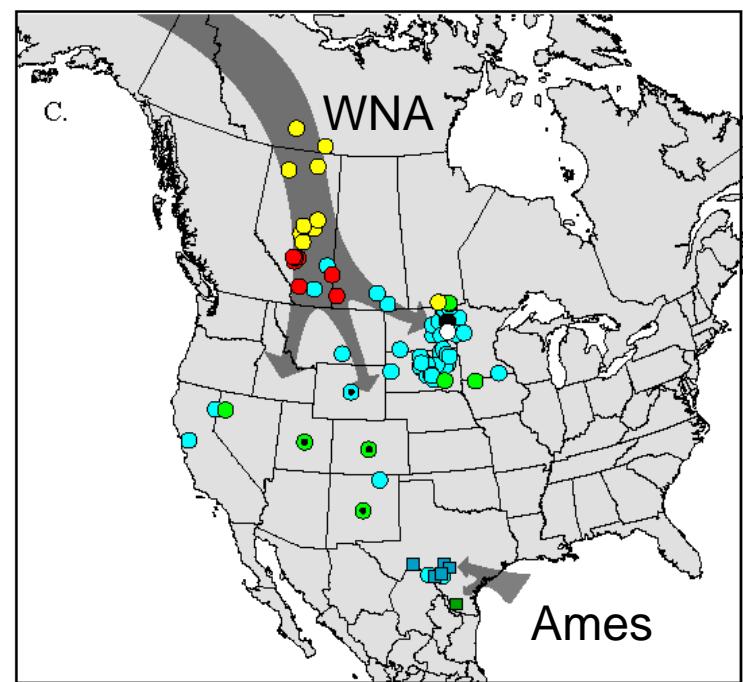
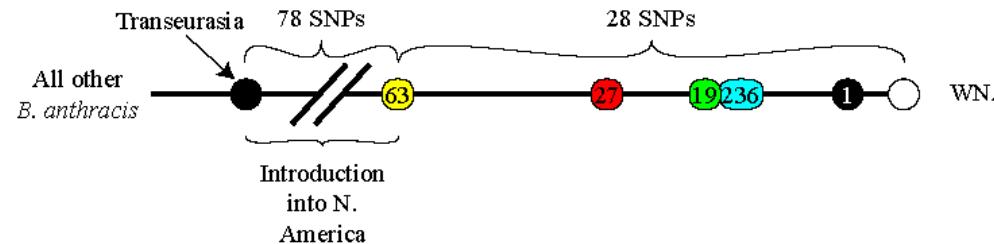
Anthrax in North America

Two Important Migrations

Ames



WNA



Pearson et al. 2004. PNAS

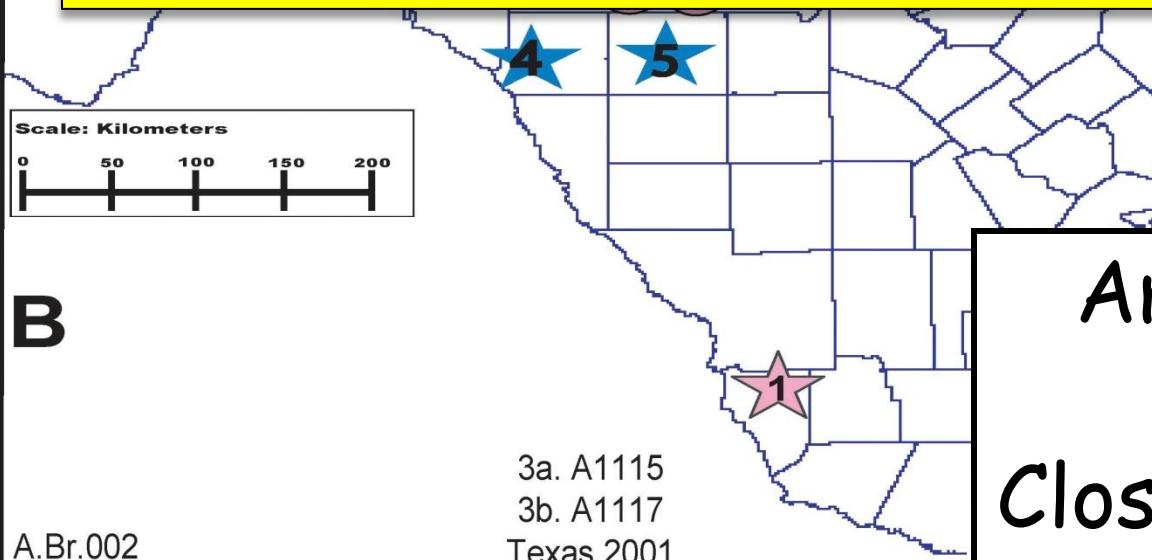
Kenefic and Pearson et al. 2009. PLoS One

Pearson et al. 2009. IGE

A

Texas

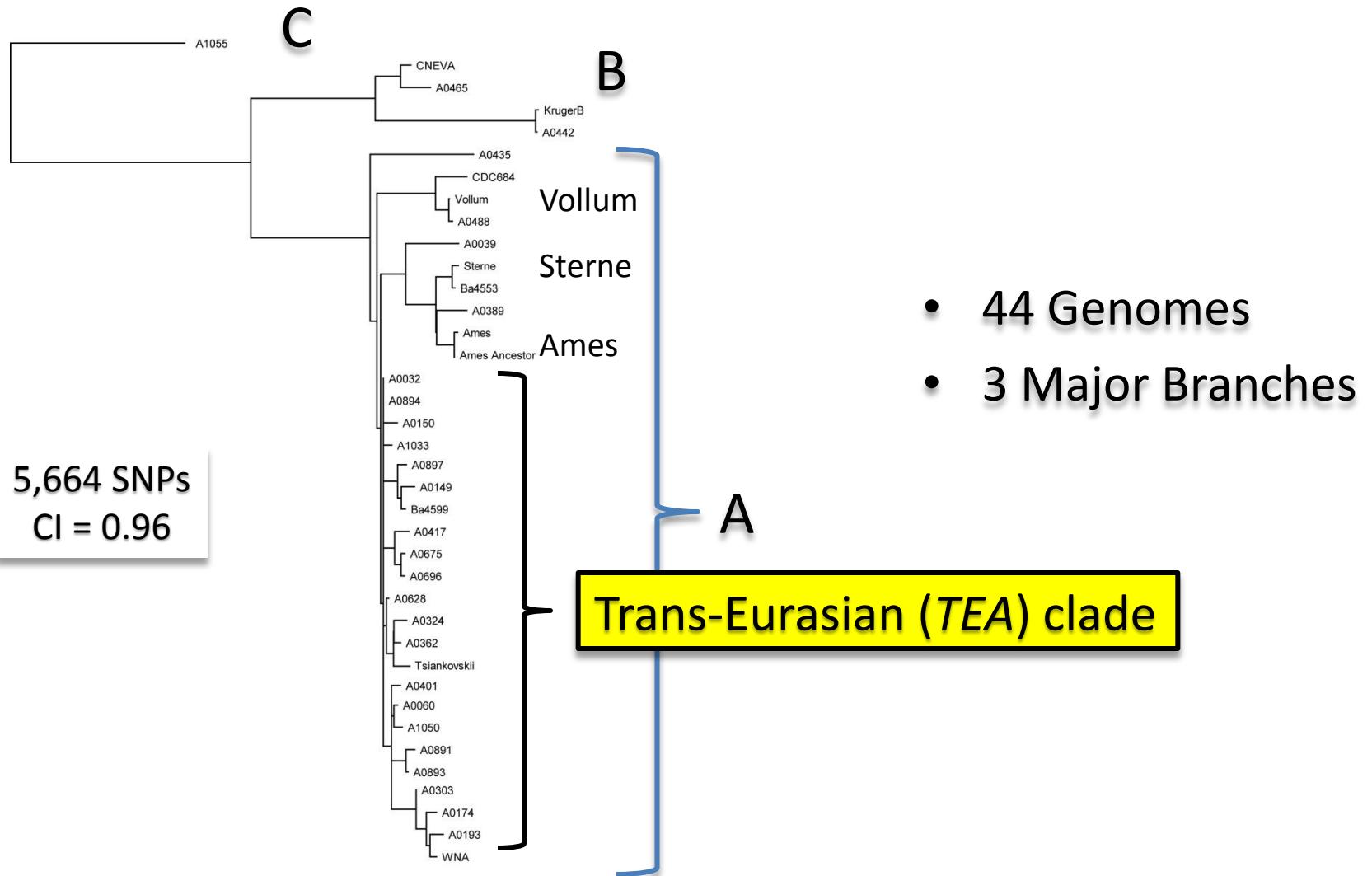
Inclusion vs. Exclusion



Ames strains
And Its
Closest Relatives

Kenefic et. al. 2008
EID 14:1494-6

Bacillus anthracis Whole Genome Phylogeny



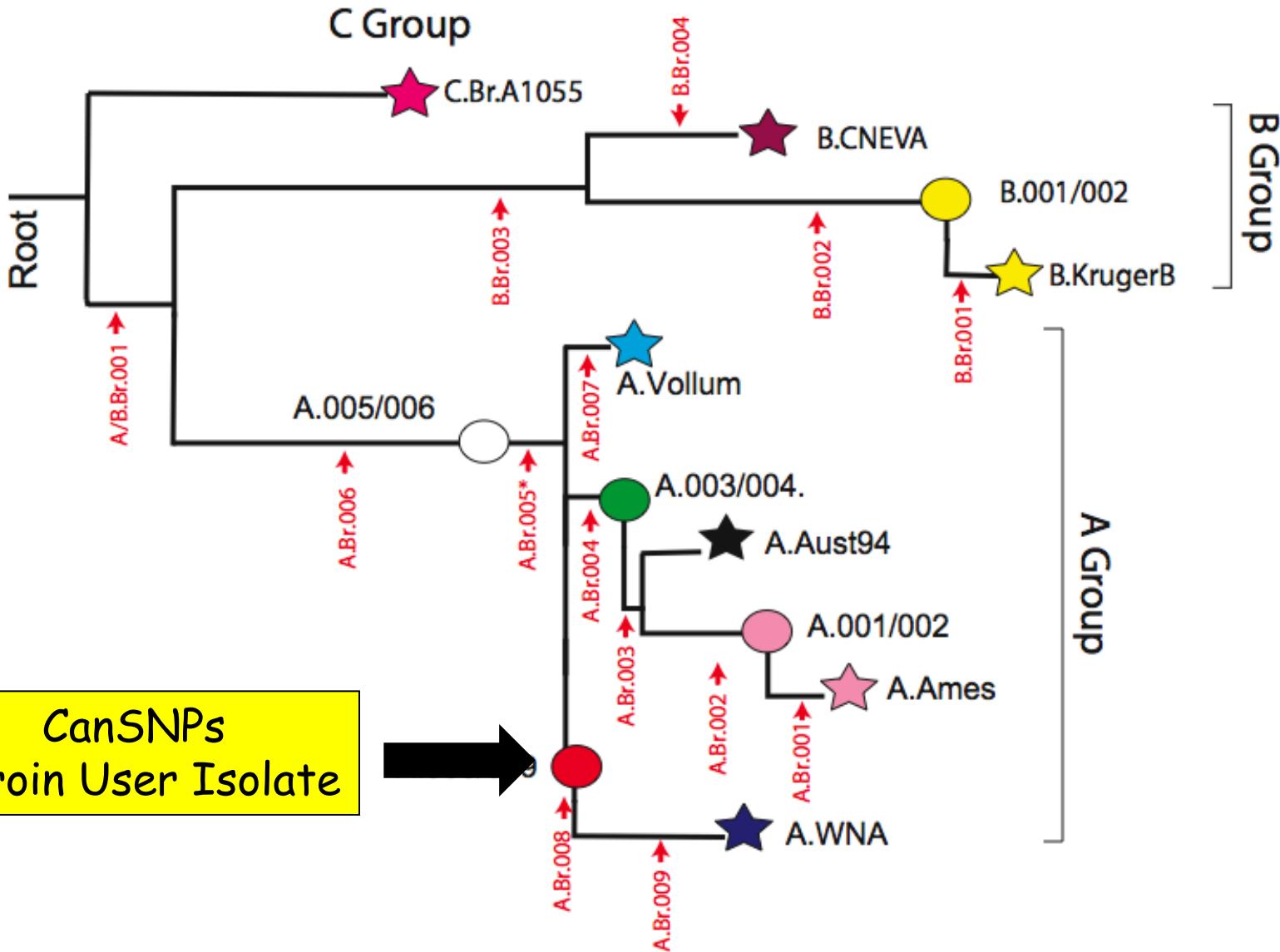
Anthrax and Heroin Users in Scotland



Injectional Anthrax

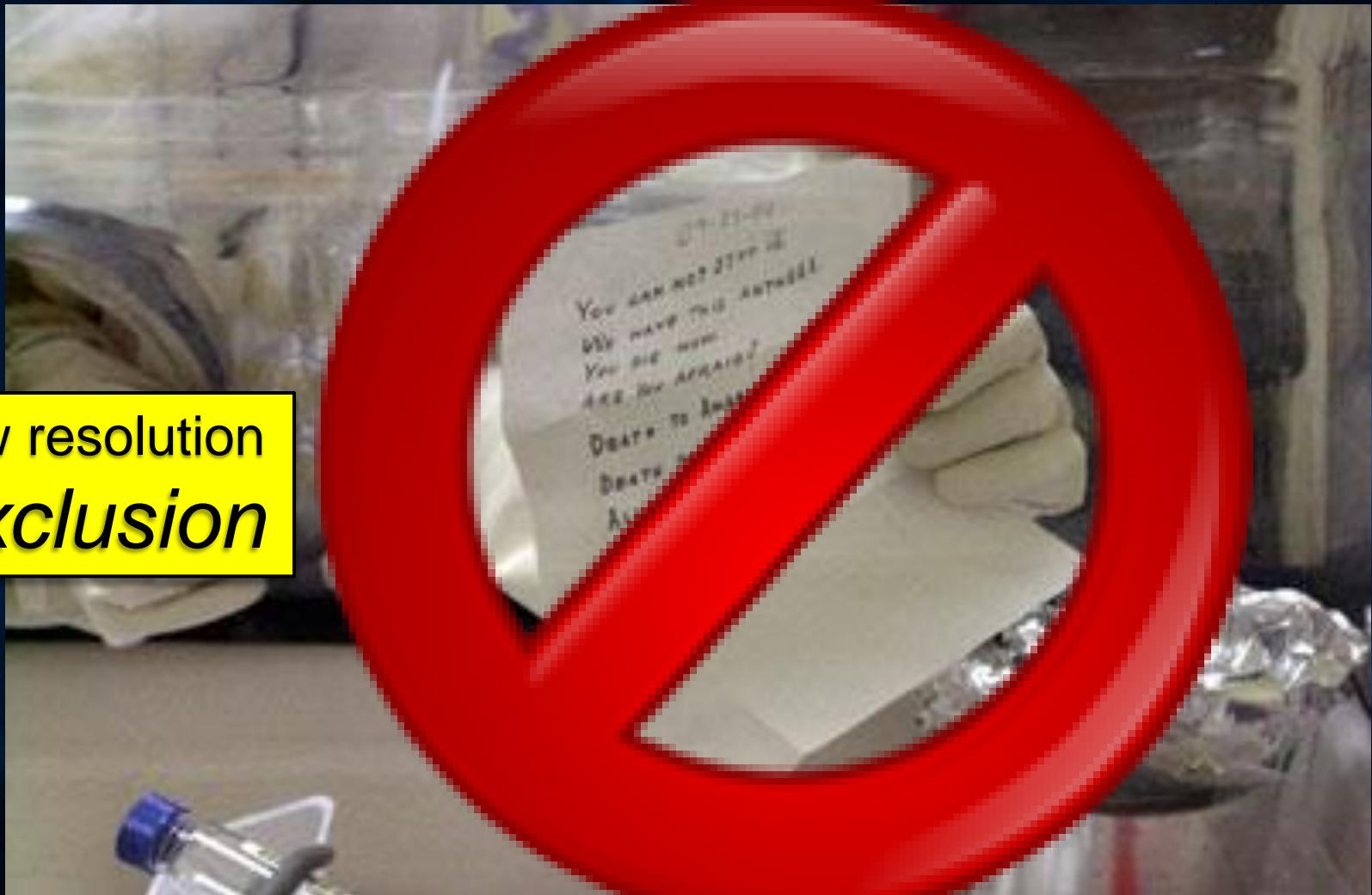
- ~200 suspected Cases
- ~100 confirmed cases
- ~ 17 deaths
- Scotland, England, Germany





Not the Ames strain

Low resolution
Exclusion



Previous Scottish Anthrax



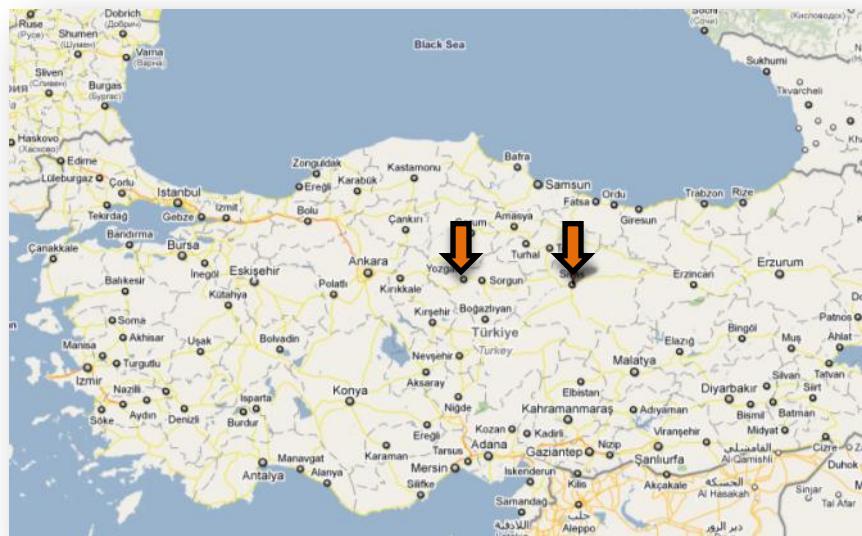
*Low Resolution
Exclusion*

Scottish heroin-user *B. anthracis*

New CanSNP analysis

- It is a member of the TEA subtype
- “canSNP match” to two natural isolates from Turkey

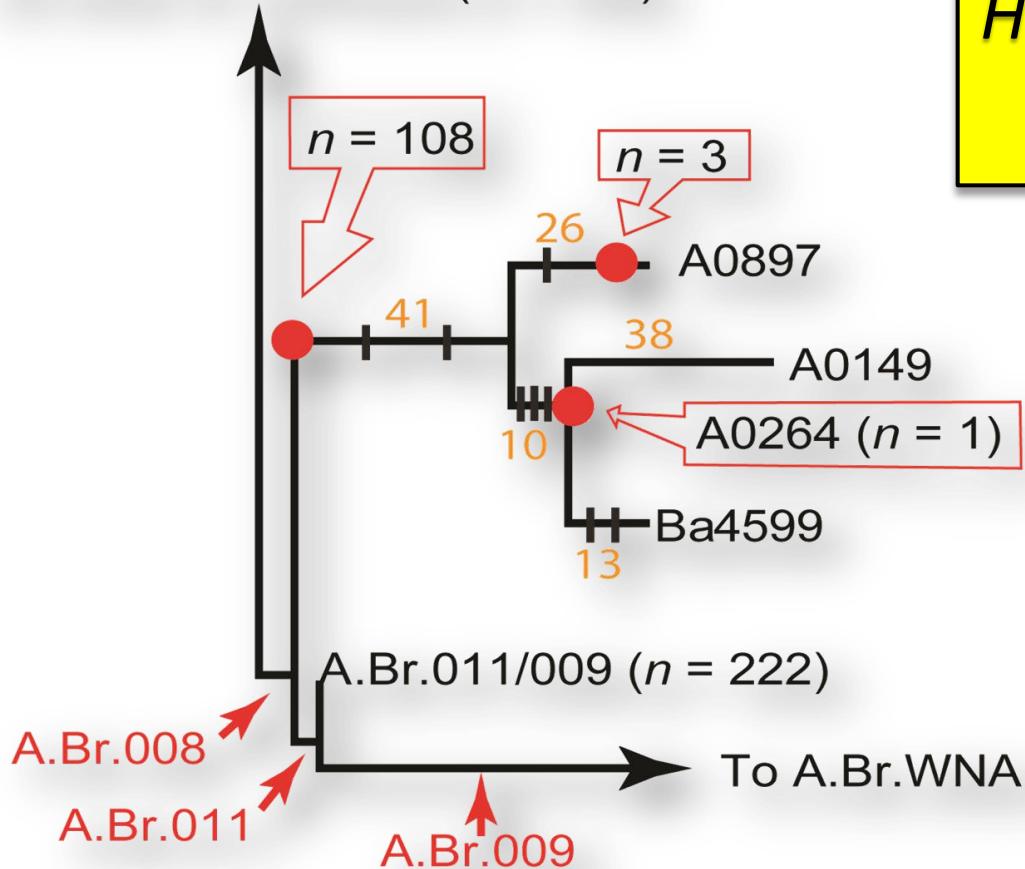
Turkey



High Resolution
Inclusion

Heroin-user associated strain

All other *B. anthracis* ($n = 656$)



Highest resolution
Exclusion

Turkey Isolates

Scottish Drug User

Outbreak Samples Matching “Heroin” *B. anthracis* Genome

- 2 “strain specific” canSNP assays
 - Ancestral allele for diversity of strains (global)
- 22 isolates from culture-positive anthrax cases
- 18 clinical culture-negative anthrax cases
 - Scotland, England, Germany

Highest resolution
Inclusion

Heroin-associated Anthrax: Conclusions



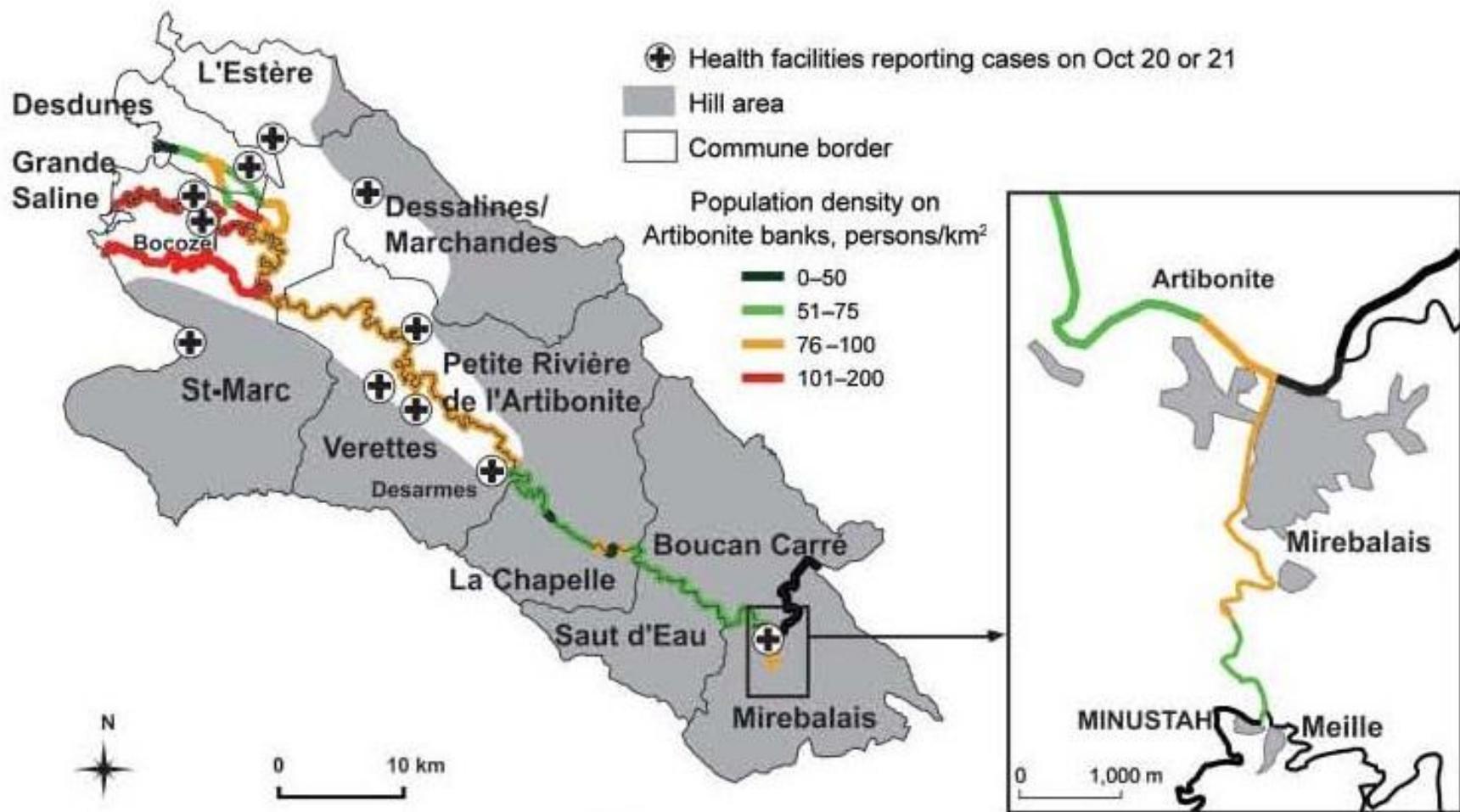
- The heroin *B. anthracis* strains are not members of:
 - The Ames group
 - The Vollum group, including natural isolates from Afghanistan
 - Groups containing other common strains
- They are members of:
 - The Trans-Eurasian (TEA) group
 - A subgroup within TEA that also contains natural isolates from Turkey
- But they are still distinct from the Turkey isolates
- Possible scenario: Contaminated bone meal or animal hide along the smuggling route.

Haitian cholera



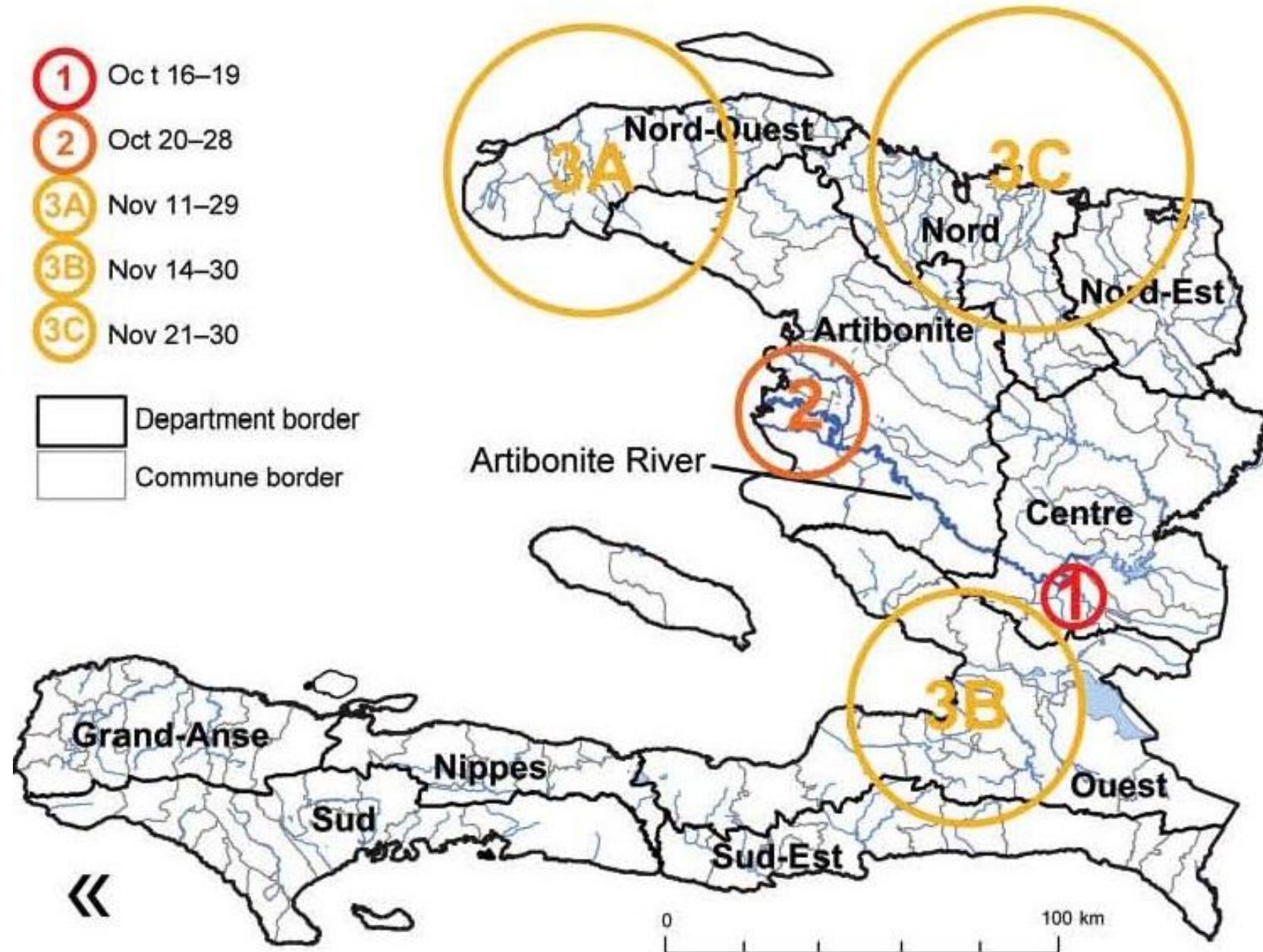
- > 300,000 cholera cases
- > 6,000 cholera deaths
- Nepalese UN peacekeepers implicated

Fig 1



- 1 Oct 16–19
- 2 Oct 20–28
- 3A Nov 11–29
- 3B Nov 14–30
- 3C Nov 21–30

 Department border
 Commune border

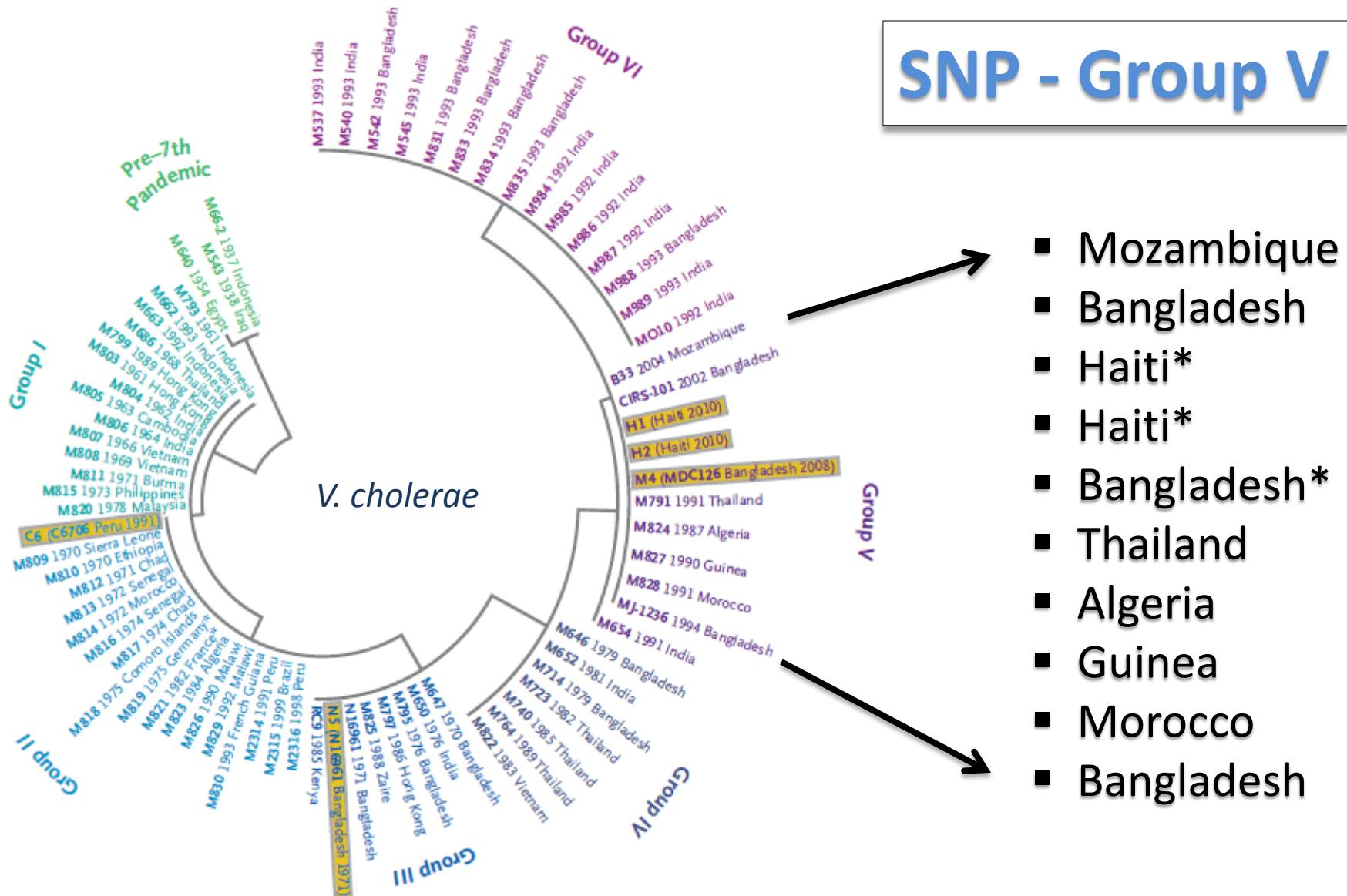


ORIGINAL ARTICLE

The Origin of the Haitian Cholera Outbreak Strain

Chen-Shan Chin, Ph.D., Jon Sorenson, Ph.D., Jason B. Harris, M.D.,
William P. Robins, Ph.D., Richelle C. Charles, M.D., Roger R. Jean-Charles, M.D.,
James Bullard, Ph.D., Dale R. Webster, Ph.D., Andrew Kasarskis, Ph.D.,
Paul Peluso, Ph.D., Ellen E. Paxinos, Ph.D., Yoshiharu Yamaichi, Ph.D.,
Stephen B. Calderwood, M.D., John J. Mekalanos, Ph.D., Eric E. Schadt, Ph.D.,
and Matthew K. Waldor, M.D., Ph.D.

SNP - Group V



Chin et al. 2011. *N Engl J Med.* 364:33-42

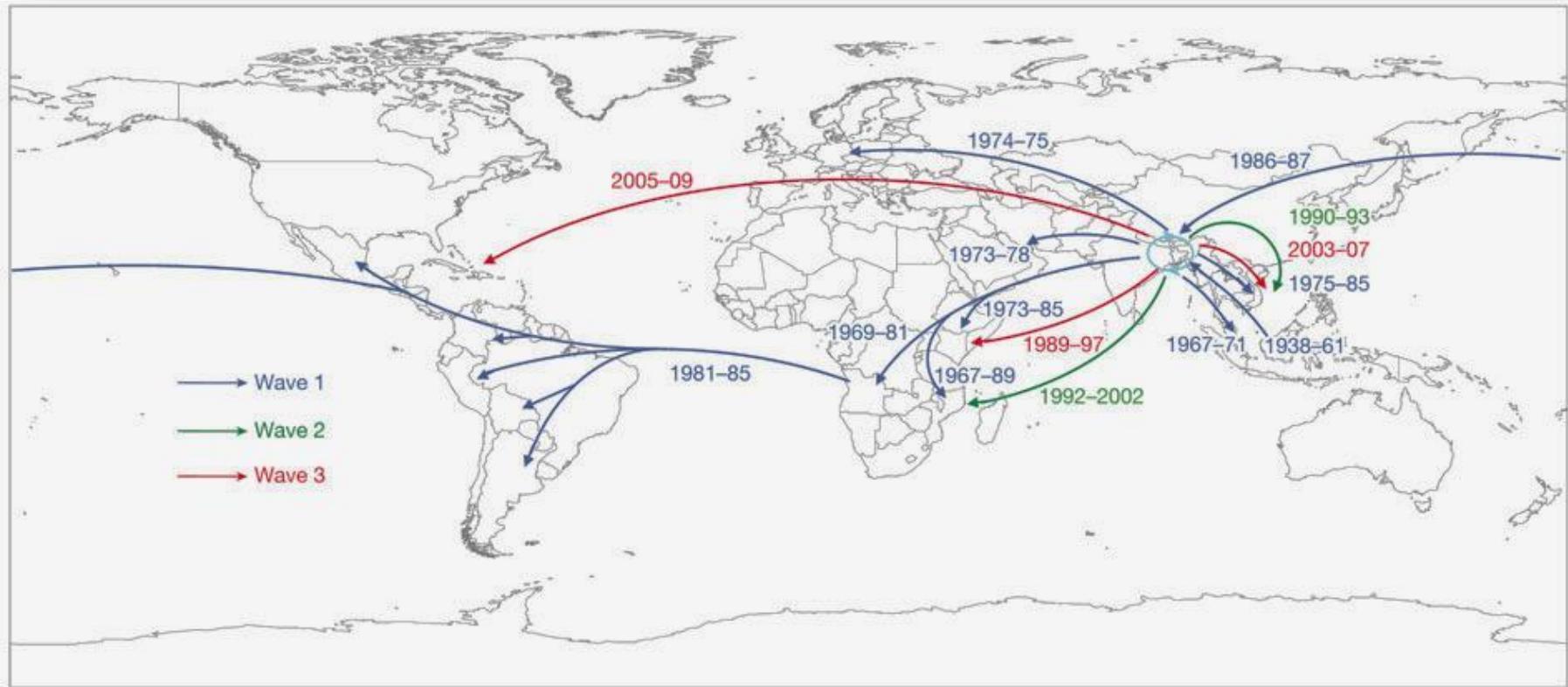
after
Lam et al. 2010. *EID* 16:1130-2

V. cholerae SNP Group V



Based upon: Lam et al. 2010. *EID* 16:1130-2.

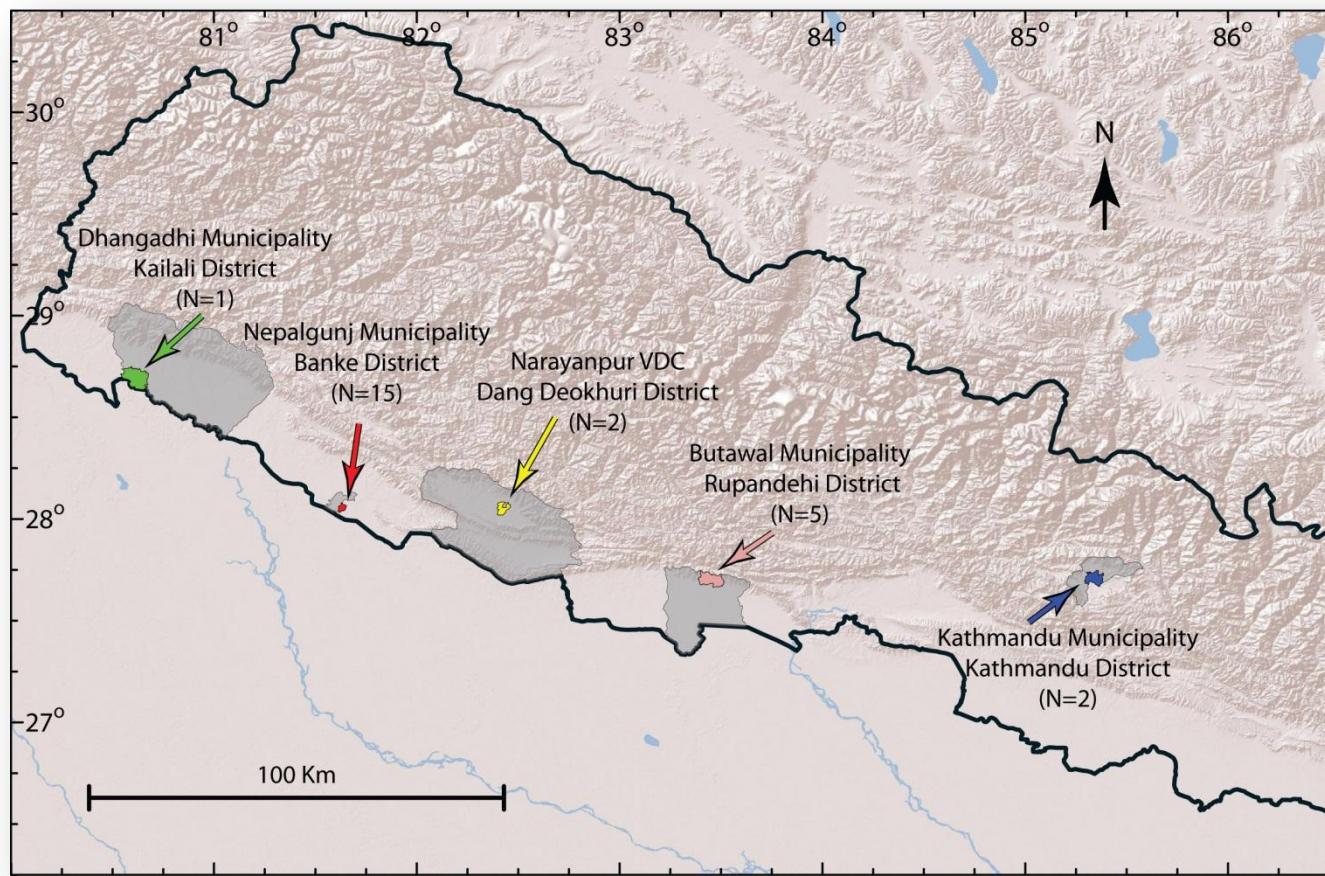
Transmission events inferred for the seventh-pandemic phylogenetic tree, drawn on a global map.



A Mutreja *et al.* *Nature* (2011) 477:462-5.

nature

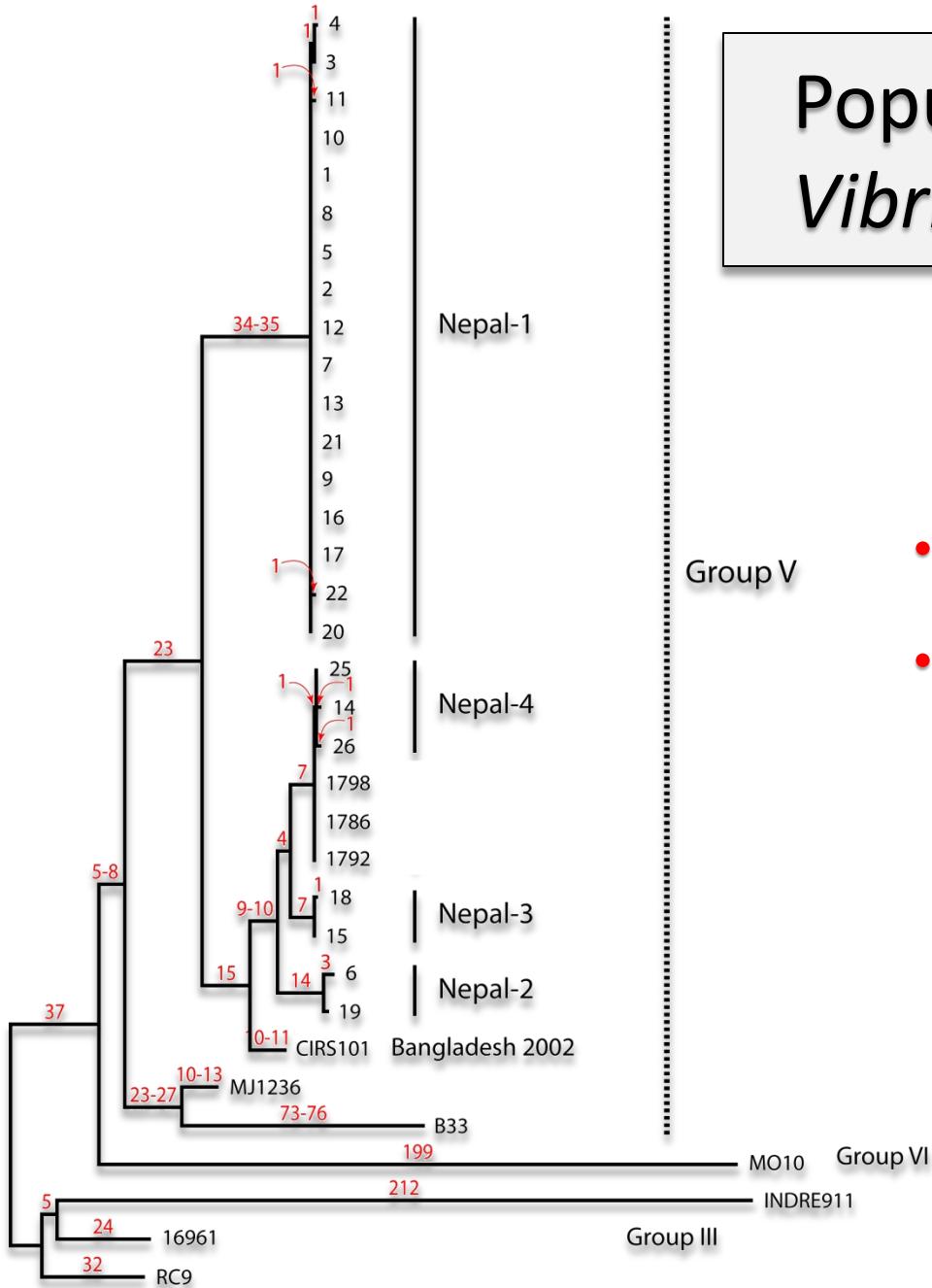
Cholera in Nepal



Rene S. Hendriksen, L. Price, P. Keim, Geeta Shakya, Frank M. Aarestrup, & others
mBio 2011

Danish Technical University - Copenhagen
TGen – Flagstaff, Arizona
National Public Health Laboratory, Katmandu, Nepal

Population Genetics of *Vibrio cholera* in Nepal

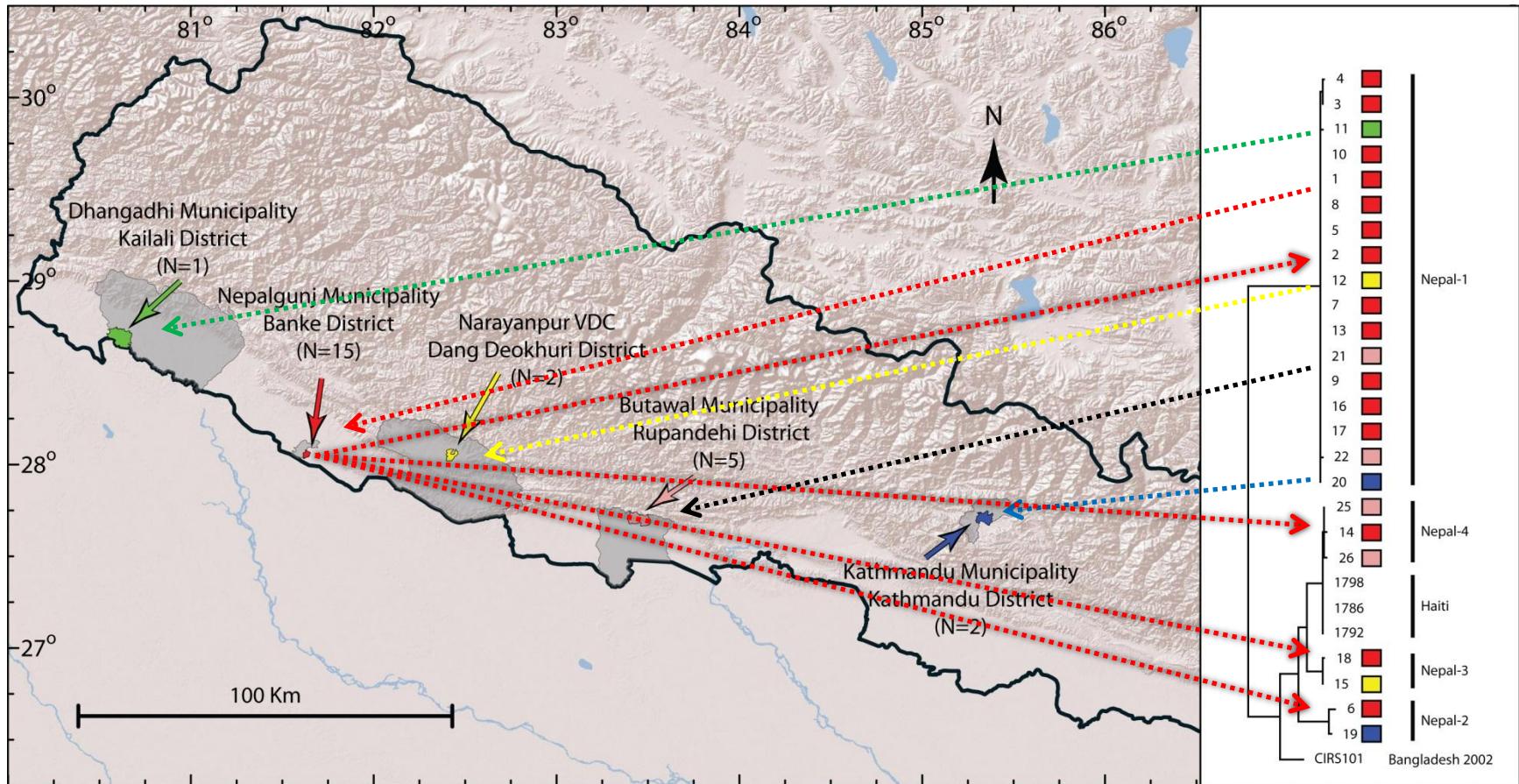


- 24 *V. cholera* Genomes
- 2 major Nepalese Clades
 - Nepal-1 has low diversity

Rene S. Hendriksen, L. Price, P. Keim,
Geeta Shakya, Frank M. Aarestrup, & others
2011 (*mBio*)

Danish Technical University - Copenhagen
TGen – Flagstaff, Arizona
National Public Health Laboratory, Katmandu

Phylogeography of Nepalese *V. cholerae*

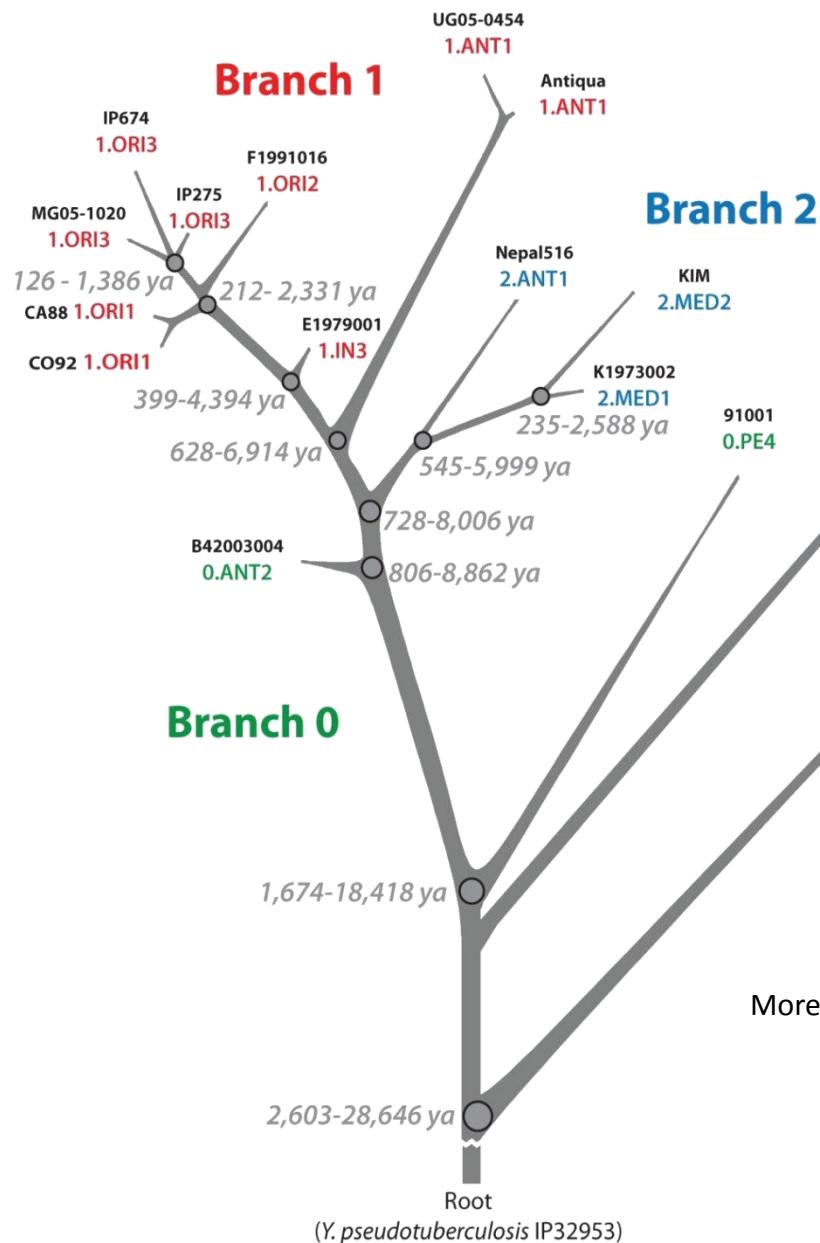


Rene S. Hendriksen, L. Price, P. Keim, Geeta Shakya, Frank M. Aarestrup, & others
mBio 2011



EPIDEMIOLOGY

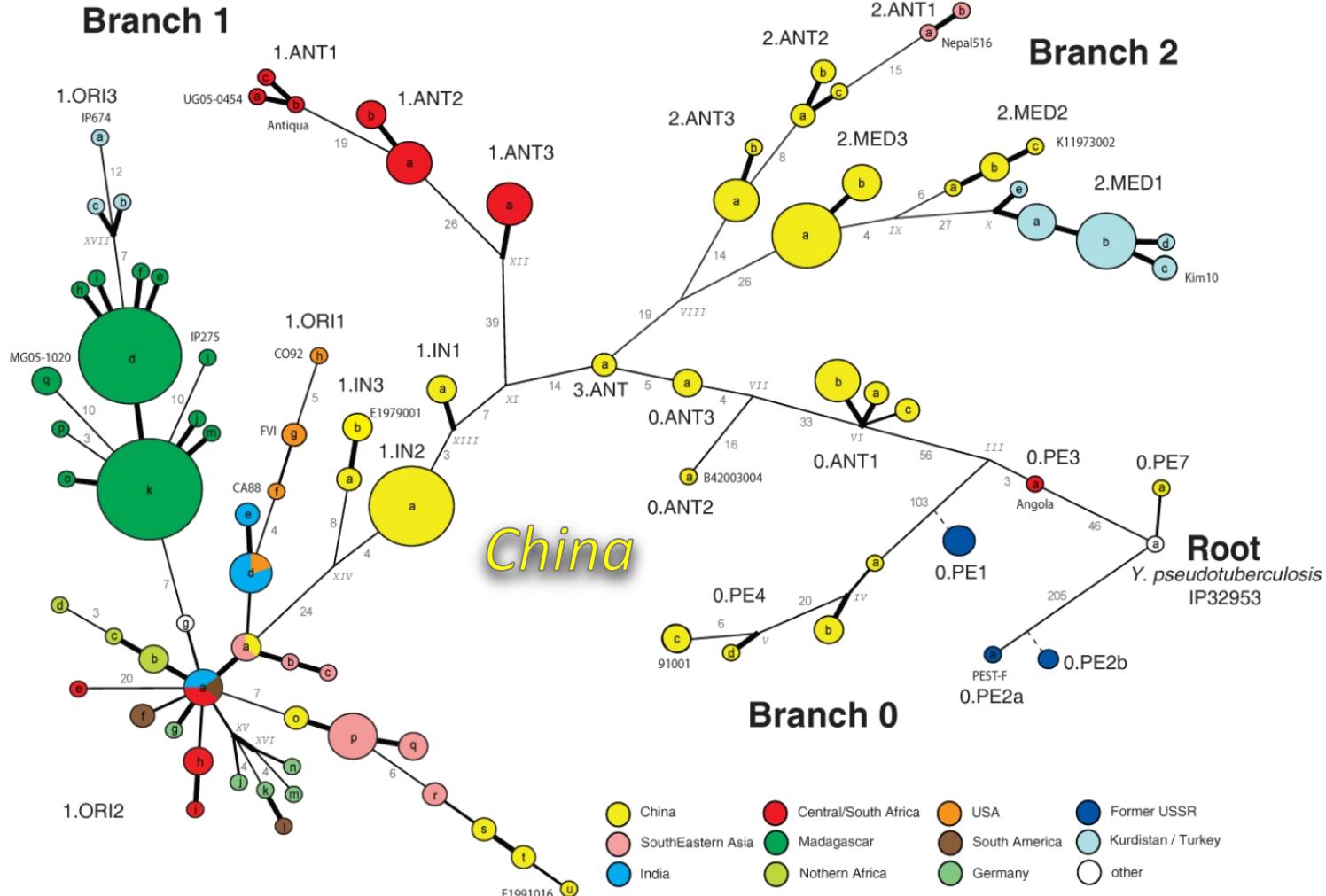
Whole Genome Phylogeny of *Yersinia pestis*



Mark Achtman
Morelli, Song, Mazzoni, Eppinger, et al.
Nature Genetics



Global Population Genetic Structure

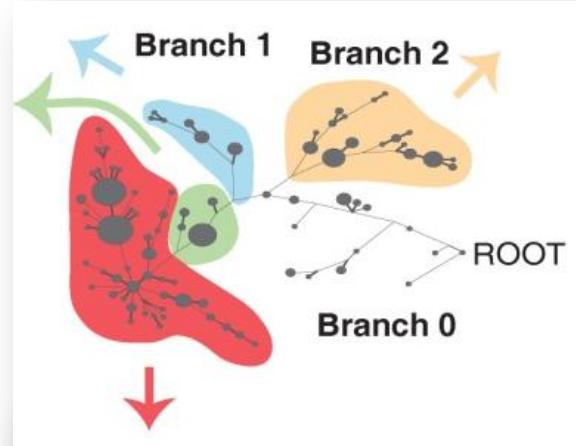


Mark Achtman

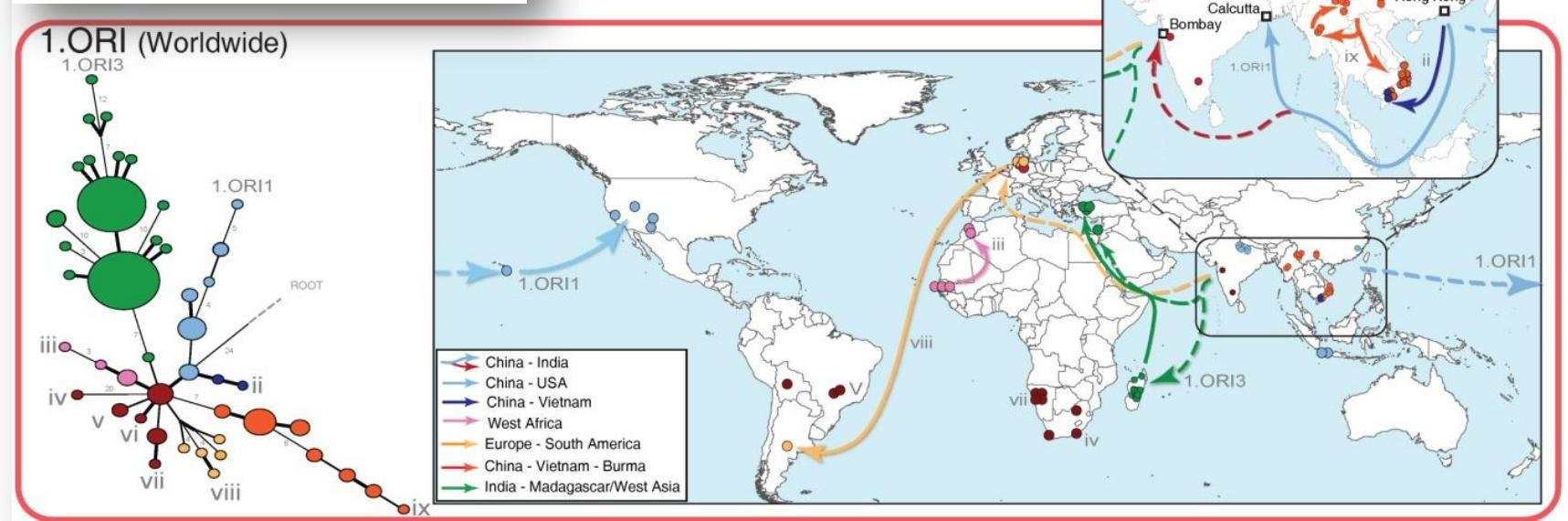
Morelli, Song, Mazzoni, Eppinger, et al.
Nature Genetics 2010

Total = 933 SNPs
289 *Y. pestis* isolates

Branch 1.ORI – China to the World



Mark Achtman
Morelli, Song, Mazzoni, Eppinger, et al.
Nature Genetics 2010



Case History: A University Scientist

- 60 year old, diabetic male
- Dies 13 hours after presentation in the emergency room
- Worked in Infectious Disease Research – no virulent strains



Frank et al. In prep.

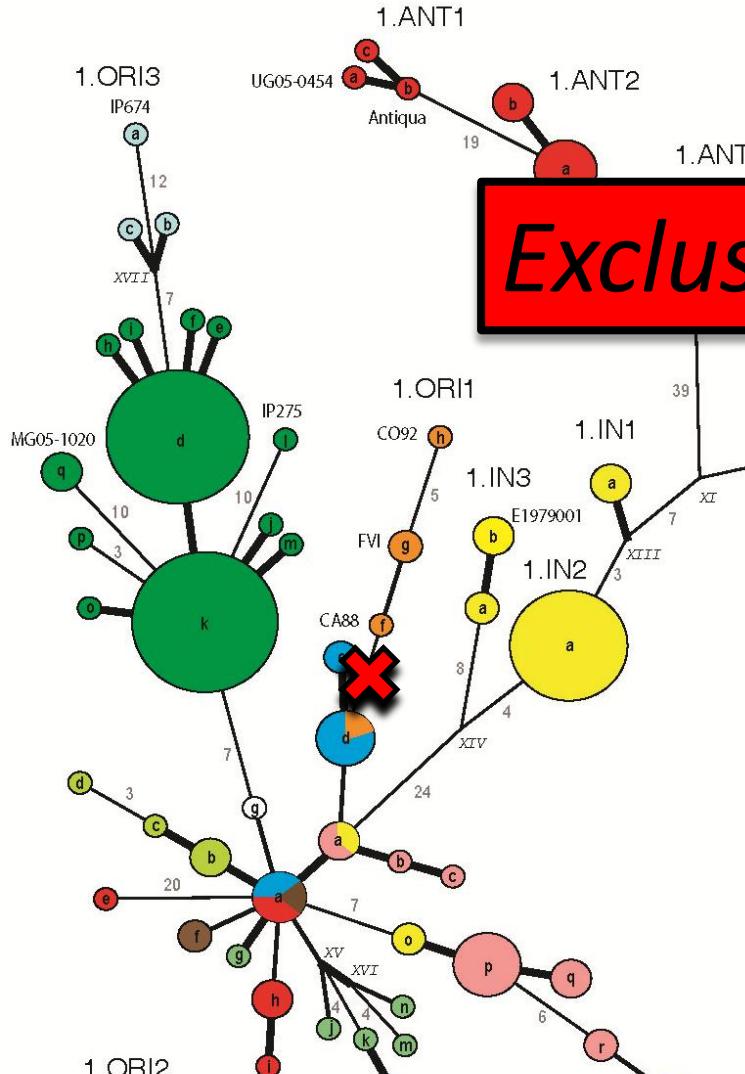
MMWR (2011) 60;201-205



NORTHERN ARIZONA
UNIVERSITY

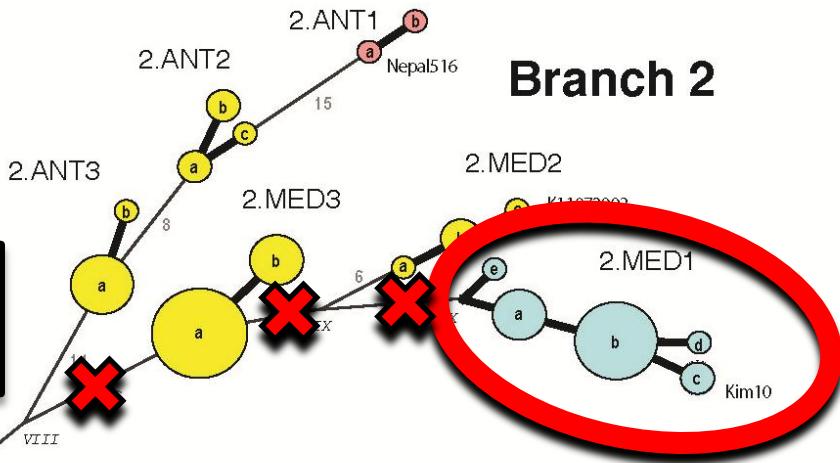


Branch 1



Exclusion

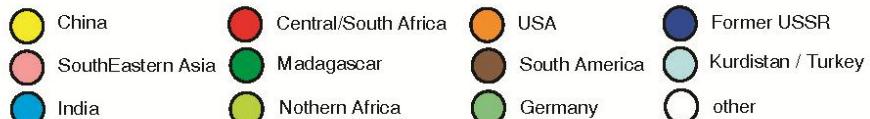
Branch 2



Inclusion

Root
Y. pseudotuberculosis
IP32953

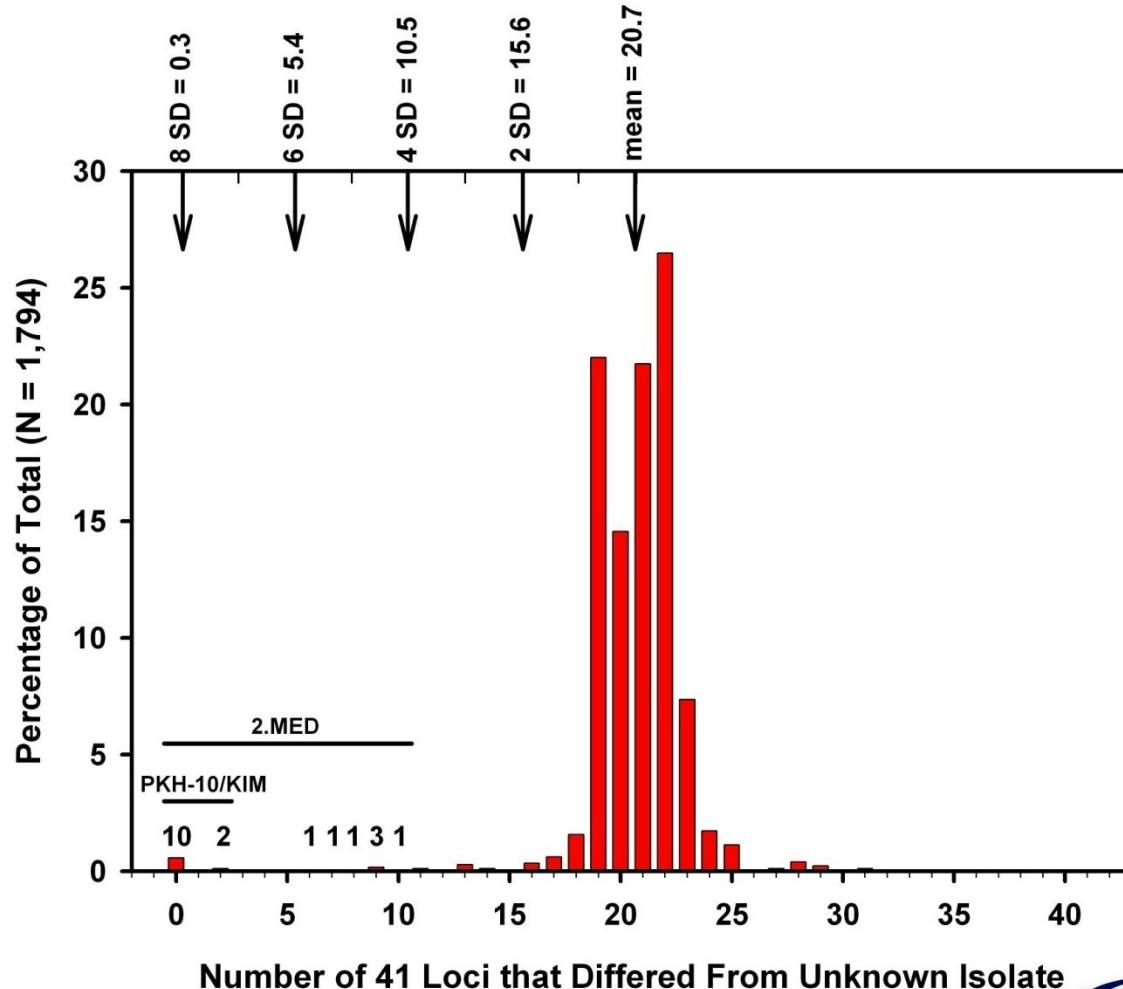
Branch 0



X = analyzed canSNP

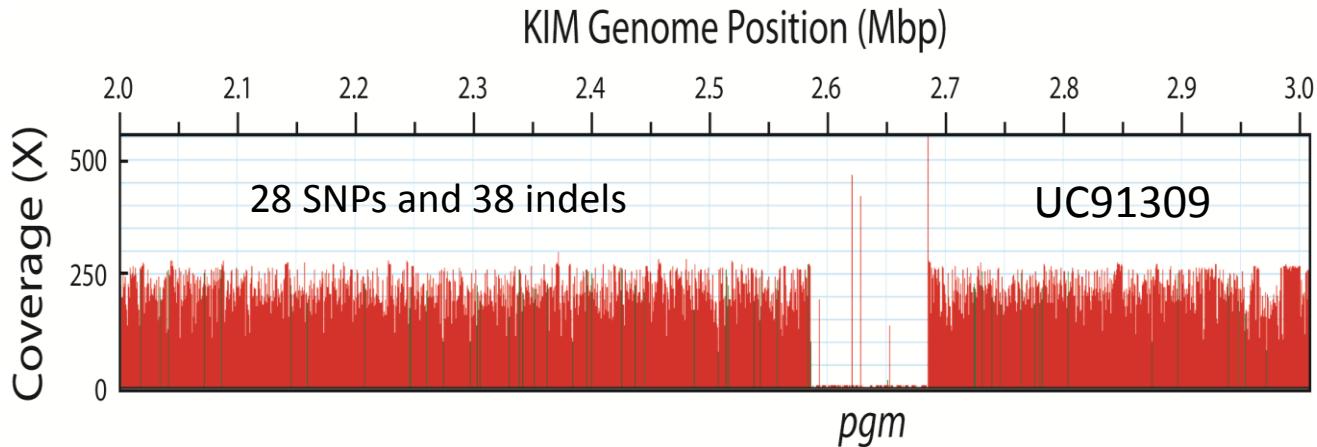
Morelli *et al.* Nature Genetics 2010

VNTR Database Match for Lab Acquired Plague Infection

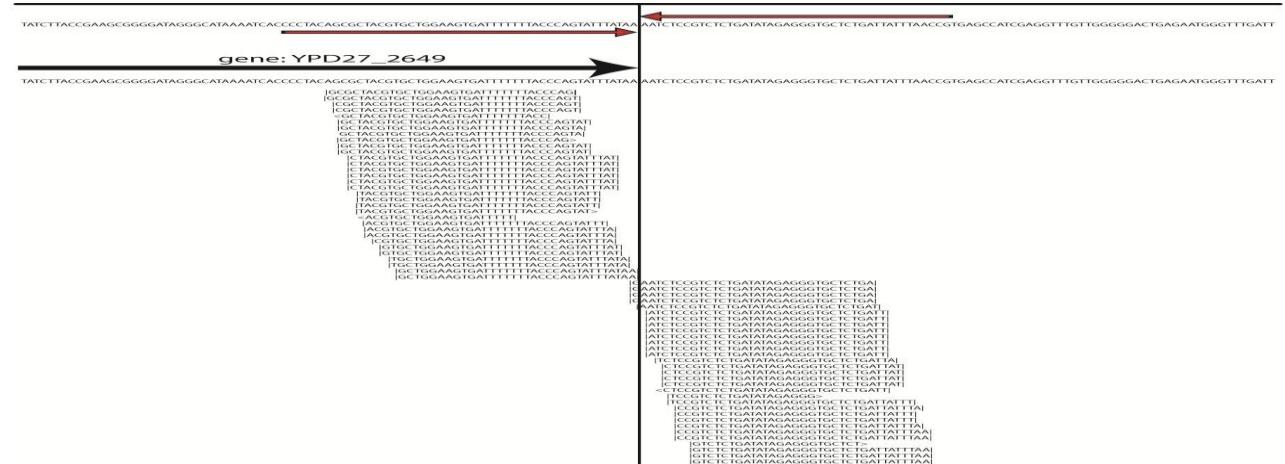


Whole Genome Sequencing

A.
Attenuation
Defect
Unaltered



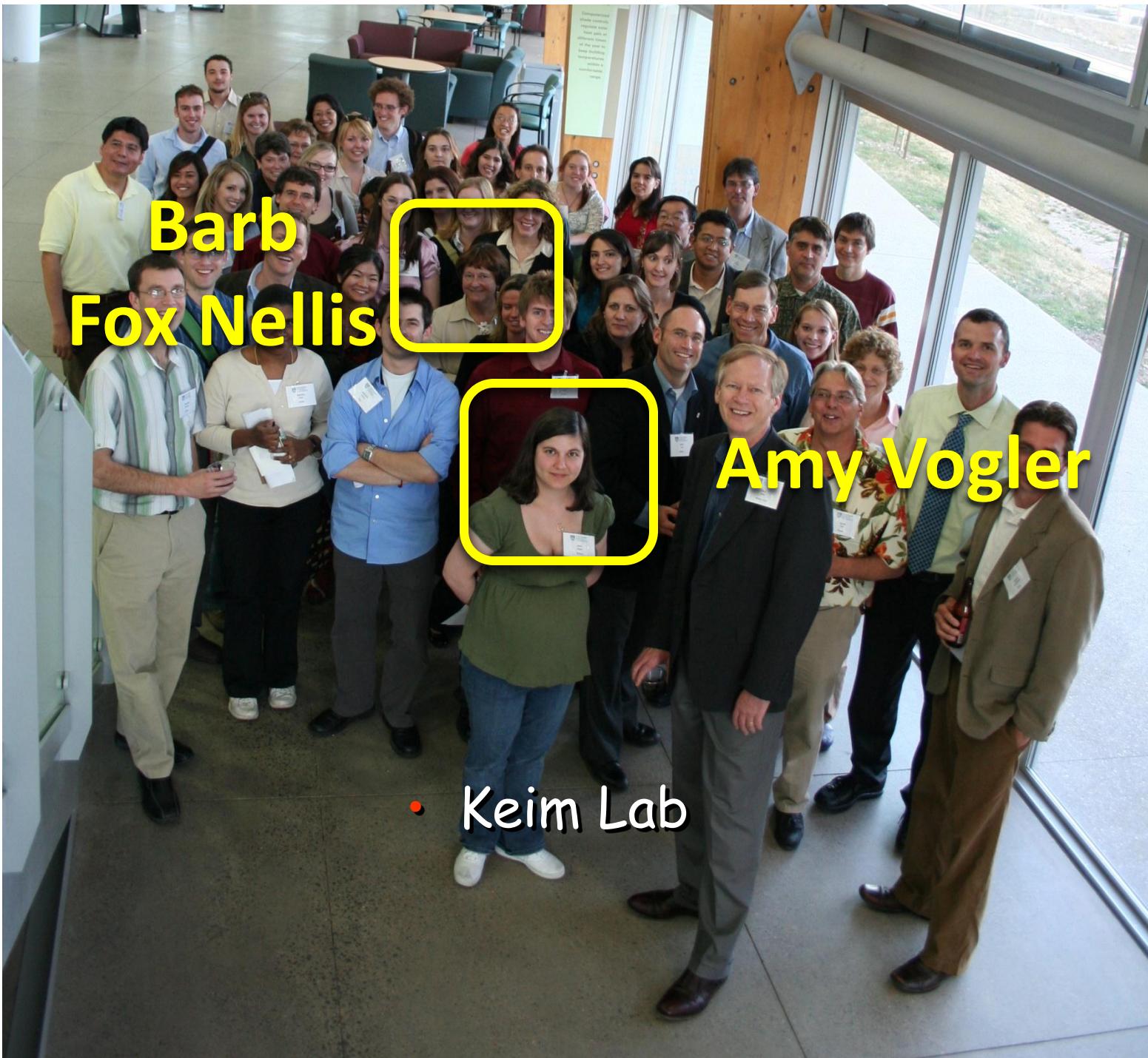
B.
Genetically
Engineered
Strain
(cam-R)



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Frank et al. In Prep.





Barb
Fox Nellis

Amy Vogler

• Keim Lab

Sponsors

